NAME\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

PERIOD\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***PRACTICE RULES OF THE ROAD TEST***

**1. You are approaching a flashing RED signal light, you must:**

a. Proceed with caution.

b. Come to a complete stop and treat it as stop sign.

c. Stop only if there is approaching traffic

**2. You are approaching a flashing YELLOW light, you must:**

a. Come to a complete stop.

b. Slow down and proceed with caution.

c. Wait for the light to stop flashing.

**3. In the state of Illinois, it is permissible to make a right turn on a red light AFTER you have made a complete stop and have yielded to vehicles and pedestrians.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**4. Drivers are not permitted to wear headsets or have a television receiver visible from the driverʼs seat.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**5. You have entered the intersection on a green light and are waiting to make a left turn. While you are waiting for traffic to clear, the red light appears. You should:**

a. Back up.

b. Go straight ahead.

c. Complete your turn when it is safe to do so.

**6. When a traffic signal turns to green, you may proceed:**

a. Instantly.

b. After yielding the right-of-way to vehicles and pedestrians still in the intersection.

c. After looking both ways.

**7. As you approach an intersection, there is a green arrow pointing the direction you wish to turn while a red light is showing. What do you do?**

a. Stop for the red light and then proceed.

b. Turn cautiously in the direction of the arrow and be alert for pedestrians.

c. Go straight ahead after checking the traffic.

**8. BEFORE YOU REACH AN INTERSECTION you observe the green light change to yellow. What should you do?**

a. Speed up and try to get through the intersection before the red light appears.

b. Blow your horn and proceed through the intersection.

c. Stop before you enter the intersection.

**9. A single solid yellow line on your side of the center line on a two-lane pavement means no passing.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**10. When there are two or more lanes of traffic moving in opposite directions, what type of center line is used?**

a. One single solid yellow line.

b. Broken white lines.

c. Two solid yellow lines.

**11. You may cross a double yellow line marking ONLY UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:**

a. When approaching the intersection.

b. To make a left turn into or from any alley, private road or driveway.

c. On city streets.

**12. Broken yellow lines (dashes) are used on streets and highways:**

a. On a four or more lane pavement.

b. To separate single lanes of traffic moving in opposite directions.

c. To indicate a no passing zone.

**13. When are broken white lines (dashes) used on streets and highways?**

a. When passing is not permitted.

b. On a two-way street.

c. On a one-way street or highway having more than one lane of traffic moving in the same direction.

**14. You may travel across private property to avoid an official traffic signal or traffic sign.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**15. You are required by law to yield the right-of-way to any authorized vehicle engaged in construction or maintenance of a highway displaying amber (yellow) oscillating, rotating or flashing lights.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**16. The law states that turn signals in city areas must be given at least:**

a. 50 feet before turning.

b. 100 feet before turning.

c. At the corner

**17. Never change lanes of traffic without signaling first.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**18. When approaching a sign that reads “Merging Traffic,” you must:**

a. Stop your vehicle before proceeding.

b. Drive to the left lane of the expressway if safe to do so.

c. Adjust your speed and position to avoid a collision with other vehicles.

**19. When passing another vehicle, do not return to the right-hand lane until you can see the vehicle you have passed in your rearview mirror.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**20. When completing a RIGHT TURN into a multi-lane road, you should complete the turn in the:**

a. Lane nearest the left-hand curb.

b. Lane nearest the right-hand curb.

c. Middle lane of the intersection.

**21. When passing a motorcycle, you must use your turn signals and change lanes just like you would when passing a car.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**22. Motorcycles and bicycles are entitled to the same right-of-way privileges as other vehicles, and special attention should be given when they approach an intersection, at railroad crossings and on bridges.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**23. If a driver hears or sees an authorized emergency vehicle (police car, fire engine, ambulance) coming from any direction, the driver must always:**

a. Pull to the right when it is safe to do so and stop until such vehicle has passed.

b. Increase speed.

c. Turn at the next intersection.

**24. If your front wheel slips off the edge of the road while your vehicle is in motion, always:**

a. Increase your speed and turn back on the road immediately.

b. Without braking, turn to the left.

c. Grip the steering wheel firmly, do not accelerate, brake gently, and turn back on the road when it is safe to do so.

**25. In case a tire blows out while you are driving, you should:**

a. Grip the steering wheel firmly, do not brake and reduce speed.

b. Increase your speed.

c. Apply your brakes and quickly turn on the shoulder of the road.

**26. If you are under age 18 and you drive after curfew hours, a parent, legal guardian or other responsible adult must be with you. Your parent or legal guardian must approve of the person. If these conditions are not met, your license or permit will be invalid during those hours.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**27. You are allowed to use the shoulder of the road to pass anyone.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**28. When high-beam headlights are in use, they should be dimmed at least 500 feet before meeting and 300 feet before overtaking another vehicle.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**29. If you must drive during foggy weather, you should turn on the low-beam headlights and:**

a. Flash your lights routinely.

b. Keep your foot on the brake pedal so your tail lights will be seen more easily.

c. Drive at a speed that will allow you to stop within your field of vision.

**30. You are approaching a railroad crossing that has no lights or crossing gate. You should slow down when you see the round sign and proceed with caution.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**31. You are at a railroad crossing. The crossing gates are down. You may go around if no train is coming.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**32. When you are required to stop at a railroad crossing, you must make a complete stop within 50 feet, but not closer than 15 feet from the railroad crossing.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**33. To prevent skidding (hydroplaning) when driving on wet pavement, always:**

a Increase the speed of your car.

b. Apply your brakes.

c. Reduce speed and allow your vehicle to slow down.

**34. When driving on a slippery road and your vehicle starts to skid, you should:**

a. Drive close to the edge of the road.

b. Stop instantly.

c. Steer in the direction that the rear wheels are skidding.

**35. You cannot drive a motor vehicle, even if it is borrowed or rented for a short period of time, unless you hold the proper classification of driverʼs license for that kind and type of vehicle.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**36. You are involved in a crash in which damage to the property of any one person, including yourself, in excess of $1,500 is sustained (or $500 if one of the drivers is uninsured). YOU MUST:**

a. Notify the nearest law enforcement agency as soon as possible.

b. Have a capable passenger, by law, notify the proper authorities if you are unable to report the accident.

c. Submit a written accident report to the Illinois Department of Transportation within 10 days.

d. All of the above.

**37. All vehicles operating on Illinois roads must be covered by a liability insurance policy.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**38. The greatest factor involved in fatal motor vehicle crashes is:**

a. Weather conditions.

b. Road construction.

c. Alcohol/drugs.

**39. After consuming alcohol, time is the only effective way to remove alcohol from the body.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**40. On a two-lane roadway, you must stop for a school bus flashing its red warning lights and extending its stop signal arm when:**

a. Approaching the school bus from behind.

b. Meeting the school bus from the front.

c. Approaching the school bus from either direction.

**41. Your driving privileges will be SUSPENDED in the State of Illinois if you are convicted of failing to stop for a school bus loading or unloading children as required by law.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**42. Illinois law requires children under age 8 to be secured in a restraining system or seat belt when traveling:**

a. Anywhere in the vehicle.

b. In the front seat only.

c. In the back seat only.

d. Never, this is not a law.

**43. A person who refuses to submit to a chemical test(s) of his/her blood, breath or urine for the purpose of determining the level of alcohol and/or drug content:**

a. Will receive a driverʼs license suspension for 12 months for a first offense.

b. Will receive a driverʼs license suspension for 36 months for a refusal or subsequent offense within a five-year period.

c. May have this used as evidence against him/her in court if charged with driving under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs (DUI).

d. All of the above.

**45. After being arrested for driving under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs (DUI), your driverʼs license will be suspended if:**

a. You take a chemical test (breath, blood or urine) and register an amount of alcohol equal to or over the illegal level of intoxication (.08%).

b. You refuse to take a chemical test (breath, blood or urine).

c. You take a chemical test and register any trace of a controlled substance or cannabis (marijuana).

d. All of the above.

**46. Your driving privileges will be REVOKED in the State of Illinois if you are convicted of:**

a. Drag/street Racing.

b. Leaving the scene of an accident in which you are involved as a driver, if the accident results in the death or injury of a person or persons.

c. Driving or in control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or other drugs (including PRESCRIPTION DRUGS that impair driving ability) and/or combination of both.

d. All of the above.

**47. Most rear-end collisions are caused by the vehicle in back following too closely.**

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

**48. A driver moving out of an alley, private road or driveway within an urban area must:**

a. Come to a complete stop before entering the sidewalk area. b. Look both ways for approaching pedestrian and/or vehicular traffic.

c. Yield the right-of-way to pedestrians and all vehicles before proceeding into the roadway.

d. All of the above.

**49. When approaching a stop sign, steady red traffic light, or flashing red traffic light, you should:**

a. Stop at the marked stop line.

b. Stop before entering the crosswalk if there is no marked stop line.

c. Stop before entering the intersection if there is no marked stop line or crosswalk.

d. All of the above.

**50. A person, regardless of age, may not use a cell phone at any time while operating a motor vehicle in a:**

a. School zone.

b. Maintenance zone.

c. Construction zone.

d. All of the above.